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New Mexico Labor Market Review

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EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT
Imogene Lindsay, Secretary
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HIGHLIGHTS

New Mexico's unemployment rate decreased from 8.8% to 8.6% in November, according to preliminary estimates. Approximately 3,300 fewer persons were in New Mexico's labor force in November, with both employment and unemployment recording declines over the month. U.S. figures for November indicate an unemployment rate (not seasonally adjusted) of 6.7%, down from 6.8% in October.

Much of New Mexico's 1,400 employment loss in November was the result of normal seasonal changes such as slowdown in building activity and layoffs in food manufacturing and in tourism related trade and service. Employment in the mining industry fell again in November as MolyCorp laid off workers at its molybdenum mine in Questa, AMAX closed its potash mine near Carlsbad, and other employers in the industry reduced payrolls during the month. December estimates will reflect more job losses in mining due to a five-week shutdown at Potash Company of America in Eddy County.

The disparity between employment trends in Albuquerque and balance of New Mexico areas continues to be in evidence. Employment in the state's mining industry has continued to lose ground this year, losing approximately 2,200 jobs over the last twelve months. Since Albuquerque has very few mining jobs, this alone has caused a significant divergence in employment patterns between the state and its largest population center.

Other industries have also contributed to the contrast. Albuquerque's construction sector continued to expand in 1985, adding approximately 2,000 jobs since November 1984. The building industry outside of Albuquerque has not fared so well. Subtracting the city's construction growth since last November from statewide figures indicates a loss of almost 1,800 jobs over the period in areas outside of Albuquerque.

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NOVEMBER SUMMARY

	Prel.	Revised		Change From	
	Nov. 1985	Oct. 1985	Nov. 1984	Oct. 1985	Nov. 1984
Civilian Labor Force	653,400	656,700	638,000	-3,300	+15,400
Employment	597,500	598,900	593,100	-1,400	+4,400
Unemployment	55,900	57,800	44,900	-1,900	+11,000
Rate	8.6%	8.8%	7.0%		

NEW MEXICO

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (JOBS)

(Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Prelim NOV 1985	Revised OCT 1985	Revised NOV 1984	Change From OCT 1985	Change From NOV 1984
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	521,800	522,222	514,100	- 400	+7,700
MINING	19,400	19,800	21,600	- 400	-2,200
Metal Mining	3,000	3,100	3,900	- 100	- 900
Bituminous Coal, Quarrying and Nonmetallic Mining	3,500	3,800	4,200	- 300	- 700
Oil and Gas Extraction	12,900	12,900	13,500	0	- 600
CONSTRUCTION	36,800	37,200	36,600	- 400	+ 200
MANUFACTURING	37,500	37,700	37,600	- 200	- 100
Durable Goods	24,500	24,300	24,100	+ 200	+ 400
Lumber and Wood Products	2,600	2,600	2,500	0	+ 100
Elec. and Electronic Equipment	6,300	6,200	6,500	+ 100	- 200
Transportation Equipment	4,300	4,200	3,600	+ 100	+ 700
Other Durable Goods	11,300	11,300	11,500	0	- 200
Nondurable Goods	13,000	13,400	13,500	- 400	- 500
Food and Kindred Products	4,300	4,800	4,300	- 500	0
Textiles and Apparel	2,400	2,400	2,600	0	- 200
Other Nondurable Goods	6,300	6,200	6,600	+ 100	- 300
TRANSPORTATION and PUBLIC UTILITIES	29,700	29,900	30,400	- 200	- 700
Railroad Transportation	2,100	2,100	2,300	0	- 200
Trucking and Warehousing	6,100	6,100	6,300	0	- 200
Other Transportation	4,700	4,700	4,400	0	+ 300
Communication	7,300	7,400	7,700	- 100	- 400
Elec., Gas and Sanitary Services	9,500	9,600	9,700	- 100	- 200
WHOLESALE and RETAIL TRADE	126,900	125,400	121,300	+1,500	+5,600
Wholesale Trade	22,400	22,400	22,400	0	0
Durable Goods	12,900	13,000	12,900	- 100	0
Nondurable Goods	9,500	9,400	9,500	+ 100	0
Retail Trade	104,500	103,000	98,900	+1,500	+5,600
General Merchandise Stores	12,100	11,500	10,900	+ 600	+1,200
Food Stores	15,500	15,200	14,700	+ 300	+ 800
Auto Dlrs and Service Stations	12,700	12,700	12,700	0	0
Eating and Drinking Places	37,100	37,200	35,100	- 100	+ 200
Other Retail Trade	27,100	26,400	25,500	+ 700	+1,600
FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE	25,600	25,600	24,700	0	+ 900
Banking	8,200	8,200	8,300	0	- 100
Ins. Carriers, Agents and Brokers	5,900	5,900	5,600	0	+ 300
Other Finance, Ins. and Real Estate	11,500	11,500	10,800	0	+ 700
SERVICES	111,600	112,000	109,400	- 400	+2,200
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	10,900	11,300	10,600	- 400	+ 300
Personal Services	5,500	5,500	5,600	0	- 100
Business Services	25,600	25,800	24,400	- 200	+1,200
Health Services	27,000	26,900	26,000	+ 300	+1,000
Social Services	7,000	6,900	6,900	+ 100	+ 100
Membership Organizations	6,900	6,900	8,700	0	-1,800
Other Services	28,700	28,700	27,200	0	+1,500
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	134,300	134,600	132,500	- 300	+1,800
Federal Government	29,000	29,500	28,800	- 500	+ 200
Total State & Local	105,300	105,100	103,700	+ 200	+1,600
State 2/	48,400	48,500	47,000	- 100	+1,400
Local	56,900	56,600	56,700	+ 300	+ 200

1/ *Estimates include all full-time and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period which included the 12th day of the month. Self-employed, family workers, household workers and members of the Armed Forces are excluded.*

2/ *Includes other state employees working in New Mexico.*

ALBUQUERQUE AREA (BERNALILLO COUNTY)

HIGHLIGHTS

The Albuquerque area unemployment rate was 6.5 percent in November, down from the October rate of 6.8 percent, according to preliminary labor force estimates. The number of unemployed was down by 600 while employment increased by 800.

The unemployment rate was 5.7 percent one year ago. This November, 7,300 more people were employed than in November 1984, however, 2,700 more persons were unemployed.

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment was 221,500 in November, an increase of 500 jobs over the month. Construction continued its winter decline, food manufacturing dropped by about 250 jobs as area food processors reduced employment, and retail trade increased as merchants began hiring for the Christmas shopping season. Electronic equipment manufacturing has experienced a general decline in employment since November 1984, but hiring by a few firms did result in a small increase in the subsector (+100) this November.

Since one year ago, wage and salary employment in Albuquerque has added 9,000 jobs. About ninety percent of the gain was in construction, retail trade, and services. The major contributors in retail trade were eating & drinking places (+1,800); sporting goods, drug, jewelry & toy stores (+500); food stores (+500); building material establishments (+400); and apparel & accessory stores (+200). In services, business, health, and miscellaneous services accounted for much of the gain.

NOVEMBER SUMMARY

	Prel.	Revised		Change From	
	Nov. 1985	Oct. 1985	Nov. 1984	Oct. 1985	Nov. 1984
Civilian Labor Force	248,900	248,700	238,900	+ 200	+10,800
Employment	232,600	231,800	225,300	+ 800	+7,300
Unemployment	16,300	16,900	13,600	- 600	+2,700
Rate	6.5%	6.8%	5.7%		

ALBUQUERQUE AREA (BERNALILLO COUNTY)

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (JOBS)

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Prelim NOV 1985	Revised OCT 1985	Revised NOV 1984	Change From OCT 1985	Change From NOV 1984
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	221,500	221,000	212,500	+500	+9,000
MINING	300	200	300	+100	0
CONSTRUCTION	17,800	17,900	15,900	-100	+1,900
MANUFACTURING	19,500	19,600	19,600	-100	- 100
Durable Goods	13,600	13,500	13,900	+100	- 300
Nondurable Goods	5,900	6,100	5,700	-200	+ 200
TRANSPORTATION and PUBLIC UTILITIES	12,000	12,000	12,300	0	- 300
Transportation	5,700	5,700	5,800	0	- 100
Communication	3,800	3,800	4,000	0	- 200
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Services	2,500	2,500	2,500	0	0
WHOLESALE and RETAIL TRADE	58,200	57,600	54,700	+600	+3,500
Wholesale Trade	13,700	13,700	13,700	0	0
Durable Goods	8,800	8,800	8,800	0	0
Nondurable Goods	4,900	4,900	4,900	0	0
Retail Trade	44,500	43,900	41,000	+600	+3,500
General Merchandise Stores	4,400	4,100	4,500	+300	- 100
Food Stores	5,100	5,000	4,600	+100	+ 500
Auto Dlrs and Service Stations	4,800	4,800	4,600	0	+ 200
Eating and Drinking Places	17,000	17,200	15.200	-200	+1,800
Other Retail Trade	13,200	12,800	12,100	+400	+1,100
FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE	13,500	13,400	12,800	+100	+ 700
Banking	3,300	3,200	3,200	+100	+ 100
Ins Carriers, Agents and Brokers	3,600	3,600	3,500	0	+ 100
Other Finance, Ins. and Real Estate	6,600	6,600	6,100	0	+ 500
SERVICES	56,100	56,100	53,300	0	+2,800
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	3,100	3,200	3,000	-100	+ 100
Health Services	13,000	13,000	12,400	0	+ 600
Social Services	2,700	2,700	2,600	0	+ 100
Membership Organizations	1,800	1,800	1,600	0	+ 200
Other Services	35,500	35,400	33,700	+100	+1,800
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	44,100	44,200	43,600	-100	+ 500
Federal Government	12,300	12,400	11,900	-100	+ 400
Total State & Local	31,800	31,800	31,700	0	+ 100
State	13,200	13,300	13,000	-100	+ 200
Local	18,600	18,500	18,700	+100	- 100

1/ *Estimates include all full-time and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period which included the 12th day of the month. Self-employed, family workers, household workers and members of the Armed Forces are excluded.*

LAS CRUCES AREA (DONA ANA COUNTY) 1/

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (JOBS)

(Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Prelim NOV 1985	Revised OCT 1985	Revised NOV 1984	Change From OCT 1985	Change From NOV 1984
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	38,350	38,200	37,000	+150	+1,350
MINING 2/	0	0	0	0	0
CONSTRUCTION	2,700	2,700	2,700	0	0
MANUFACTURING	3,100	3,500	3,400	-400	- 300
Durable Goods	1,250	1,200	1,200	+ 50	+ 50
Nondurable Goods	1,850	2,300	2,200	-450	- 350
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	1,450	1,450	1,450	0	0
Transportation	650	650	650	0	0
Comm, Elec, Gas & San Service	800	800	800	0	0
WHOLESALE & RETAIL TRADE	8,350	8,100	7,750	+250	+ 600
Wholesale Trade	850	850	850	0	0
Retail Trade	7,500	7,250	6,900	+250	+ 600
General Merchandise Stores	950	900	800	+ 50	+ 150
Food Stores	950	950	1,000	0	- 50
Auto Dlrs & Serv Stations	850	850	850	0	0
Eating & Drinking Places	3,000	2,900	2,700	+100	+ 300
Other Retail Trade	1,750	1,650	1,550	+100	+ 200
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,550	1,550	1,400	0	+ 150
SERVICES	5,200	5,200	4,900	0	+ 300
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	650	650	550	0	+ 100
Business Services	850	850	850	0	0
Health Services	1,150	1,150	1,100	0	+ 50
Social Services	350	350	300	0	+ 50
Other Services	2,200	2,200	2,100	0	+ 100
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	16,000	15,700	15,400	+300	+ 600
Federal Government	4,700	4,700	4,500	0	+ 200
Total State & Local	11,300	11,000	10,900	+300	+ 400
State	6,200	6,000	6,100	+200	+ 100
Local	5,100	5,000	4,800	+100	+ 300

1/ *In accordance with the CES Manual, those published cells with less than 2,000 employment are rounded to fifty. Those published cells with more than 2,000 employment are rounded to hundreds.*

2/ *The employment for the Las Cruces MSA is rounded to fifty. Because employment in this industry is below 25, it appears as zero.*

AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS ESTIMATES

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION, CONSTRUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	NOV 1985	OCT 1985	NOV 1984	NOV 1985	OCT 1985	NOV 1984	NOV 1985	OCT 1985	NOV 1984
NEW MEXICO									
MINING	$474.71	$518.96	$467.41	41.1	43.5	41.4	$11.55	$11.93	$11.29
CONSTRUCTION	363.55	373.45	371.11	32.9	35.0	36.1	11.05	10.67	10.28
MANUFACTURING	340.98	325.14	328.43	40.4	39.7	40.2	8.44	8.19	8.17
Durable Goods	345.91	336.54	340.20	40.6	39.5	40.5	8.52	8.52	8.40
Nondurable Gds	329.97	301.10	303.34	39.9	40.2	39.6	8.27	7.49	7.66
COMM and UTIL	534.24	479.52	447.86	48.7	42.7	41.7	10.97	11.23	10.74
TRADE*	257.60	248.06	259.35	35.0	34.5	35.0	7.36	7.19	7.41
BANKING	222.12	217.20	197.62	38.1	40.0	35.8	5.83	5.43	5.52
ALBUQUERQUE									
MANUFACTURING	$326.00	$342.05	$321.08	40.0	40.1	39.3	$ 8.15	$ 8.53	$ 8.17

* *Excludes Eating and Drinking Places*

Note: *Estimates include all full-time and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period which included the 12th day of the month. Self-employed, family workers, household workers and members of the Armed Forces are excluded. The average earnings are "gross" reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differentials. The work week information relates to the average hours for which pay was received, and is different from standard or scheduled hours due to absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, overtime work, etc.*

AREA ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

ALBUQUERQUE AREA: The Winrock Inn plans to add two towers to its current 174-room hotel. The $12 million project is expected to start in about nine months and take about 21 months to complete. Stuart-James Company, a national investment banking firm in the over-the-counter market, has opened an Albuquerque office. The local office employs a staff of 14 people and expects to hire a total of 34 brokers. Weaver Construction began work in December on The Presidio, a 25,000-square-foot office building at 11200 Lomas NE.

ALAMOGORDO/RUIDOSO AREA: Ruidoso-Hondo Valley Hospital officials are proposing to build a new $12 million hospital on an 80-acre tract in Ruidoso within the next 18 months. The project is contingent on voter approval and other financing arrangements. Thomasen Construction Co. of Hobbs was awarded a $2 million contract to reconstruct a portion of White Sands Boulevard in Alamogordo. Furrs, Inc. has purchased a 12.5-acre tract of land in Ruidoso, and the company plans to build a shopping center containing a Furrs food store within a year.

CARLSBAD/ARTESIA AREA: As a result of the continuing slump in the potash market, Potash Company of America (PCA) suspended operations at its area mine on November 30, idling approximately 350 workers. Mine officials have indicated that production should resume January 7; however, market conditions will be reassessed prior to the anticipated start-up date. Bids have been opened for two large projects at the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIIP). Cavern City Construction was the low bidder of $850,400 for the building of the gatehouse building and erosion control work at WIIP. Lord Electric Co. of Englewood, CO. submitted a low bid of $1,037,350 for construction of a central monitoring system for WIIP. Wal-Mart is expected to open its new store in Carlsbad in mid-January, with about 40 full-time and 60 part-time workers.

CLOVIS/PORTALES AREA: EXCEL Corporation, a Friona, TX meat packing company, laid off approximately 1,100 workers for two weeks in late December. The laid off workers included about 700 Curry County residents. The City of Clovis has advertised for bids on construction of its new estimated $5 million wastewater treatment facility. Bids for the project are scheduled to be opened January 14.

FARMINGTON AREA: Three oil companies have purchased land in Farmington for new office buildings. Merrion Oil and Gas Corp., an independent oil and gas producer based in Farmington, has broken ground on a 13,500-square-foot office building on Reilly Avenue. Amoco Products Company is planning an 18,000-square-foot office building on two acres purchased on east 30th Street, and Hixon Development Company is planning an 11,000-square-foot office building across from Amoco's planned site. A Bureau of Land Management spokesman said the San Juan Coal Company should receive federal and state permits early in 1986, allowing construction to start on the proposed La Plata Mine. San Juan Coal is planning to extract about 70 million tons of coal from the 1,643-acre mine over its 32-year life span for use by the San Juan Generating Station. The mine, which is located in northern San Juan County just south of the New Mexico-Colorado border, is expected to employ approximately 150 workers.

HOBBS/LOVINGTON AREA: Phillips Petroleum Company officials dedicated the firm's new $1.2 million office and shop facility in Hobbs in early December. The building will house the company's district exploration, production, and administrative offices, which employ approximately 60 workers. Sanders Chevrolet and Nissan of Lovington is planning to open a new Toyota dealership in Hobbs. Businesses in Hobbs closing recently include Belcher Enterprises, with about 20 workers, and Big Horn Trucking, which employed six workers.

LAS CRUCES AREA: Hughes Aircraft is looking at the Entrada del Sol industrial park in Las Cruces as the location of its plant to manufacture Roland missiles for the U.S. National Guard. The Hughes plant would employ approximately 50 workers. The new 85-bed Valley View psychiatric hospital in Las Cruces is expected to admit its first patient in December. Valley View is owned and operated by Healthcare Services of America. A $750,000 building permit was issued in December to Quinones Construction for expansion of the Lohman Atrium office complex on Lohman Ave. William Kiser Construction has begun a new $430,000 phase of the firm's condominium office complex on Telshor Blvd. Local developer C.B. Smith and Sons is planning to build a 6.8 acre strip shopping center on Del Monte and Espanola Streets in Las Cruces. The 44,000-square-foot center will contain about 10 professional offices and 20 specialty shops and restaurants.

RATON/CLAYTON AREA: Kaiser Coal Company was forced to lay off 100 miners for one week in late November due to an equipment shipment delay. Kaiser also laid off 24 miners indefinitely in December because of a postponement of new mine developments. The recent layoffs drop employment at the York Canyon mine from 440 to about 415.

ROSWELL AREA: Lufthansa Airlines is again training its pilots at the Roswell Municipal Airport as it did for almost ten years from 1974 to early 1984. As of mid-December, the German airline had about 50 workers in Roswell, including maintenance personnel and crews.

SANTA FE AREA: Laminates Inc. has received about $250,000 from The New Mexico Business Development Corp. to expand and modernize its plant and add new products. The company expects to increase its workforce from 11 to about 30. A 96-unit, $6.4 million all-suite hotel is planned for the northwest intersection of St. Michael's Drive and Galisteo. The hotel will have 104 rooms. Stuart-James Company plans to open a brokerage office in Santa Fe in early 1986. The $3 million renovation and upgrading of Santa Fe's Hilton Inn is progressing, and the hotel is now partially open. The Hospital Corporation of America broke ground on a $4.2 million, 75-bed psychiatric hospital on St. Michaels Drive in December. St. Vincent Hospital dedicated its new $3.2 million, 37-bed psychiatric wing in December. The former Santa Fe Motor Co. building on Cerrillos Road will undergo a $3.8 million renovation to convert the property into a market. Work on the project will begin in January, and completion is scheduled for June.

SILVER CITY/LORDSBURG AREA: The Southwest New Mexico Industrial Development Corp. (IDC), has completed its master plan for an industrial park on 140 acres near the Grant County Airport. Under the plan, the IDC will now disassemble a large building at the Hurley plant of Chino Mines Co. and relocate it to the park as an attraction to new industry.

SOCORRO AREA: Magdalena Village trustees have agreed to apply for a $500,000 Community Development Block Grant to help finance an electronics assembly plant. TAMSCO, an electronics firm, hopes to begin operations in the new plant by December 1986 and employ about 60 people.

TAOS AREA: Wal-Mart plans to open its new store in Taos the first week in March. The store expects to hire about 80 people. The Taos Town Council has passed an ordinance to issue $1.5 million in industrial revenue bonds to build a professional office building.

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U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
November 1985

CPI-U - 326.6
CPI-W - 322.6

(Base Year 1967 = 100)
CPI-U - All Urban Consumers
CPI-W - Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers

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(Continued from page 1)

Employment in the state's large trade and services industries has also followed a similar pattern of stronger growth in Albuquerque than in the balance of state. For example, trade employment in Albuquerque has increased by slightly over 6% during the last year, compared to 3.4% in the balance of state. The opening of large shopping malls in Santa Fe and Clovis has helped the general merchandise and apparel subsectors of trade grow faster outside of Albuquerque; however, employment at restaurants, food stores, and building material stores has increased much faster in Albuquerque than in balance of state. Services exhibited even more contrast, with Albuquerque growth of 2,600 jobs compared with a 700 loss in the balance of state area over the last twelve months. This large difference is somewhat misleading because one service subsector, membership organizations, experienced a very large employment increase in the third and fourth quarters of 1984 and an equally large decrease in early 1985. This was the result of short-term hiring by the Navajo Tribe as part of their employment and training program. Discounting this large employment swing, services closely followed the pattern shown by trade of a growth rate in Albuquerque approximately double that of balance of state.

Manufacturing is the one major industry which did not fare as well in Albuquerque as balance of state over the last year. The city's manufacturing industry has lost approximately 100 jobs in the last year, compared with a 100 job gain in areas outside of Albuquerque. Two manufacturing subsectors in Albuquerque, electronic equipment and non-electrical machinery, have lost substantial numbers of jobs, almost 700 total since November 1984. Offsetting these losses somewhat have been some moderate gains in the city's transportation equipment and professional & scientific equipment subsectors. In balance of state, growth in transportation equipment and nonelectrical machinery manufacturing were only partially counterbalanced by layoffs in apparel and petroleum refining.

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New Publication - Large Employers in New Mexico by County

The Bureau of Economic Research and Analysis has recently published a revised list of Large Employers in New Mexico by County which provides company names, addresses, phone numbers, and type of business for all employers with 25 or more workers. Copies are available at no charge by writing to ER & A Bureau 6097, Employment Security Department, P.O. Box 1928, Albuquerque N.M. 87103, or by calling (505) 841-8645.

NEW MEXICO LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES 1/

	PRELIMINARY NOVEMBER 1985				REVISED OCTOBER 1985				REVISED NOVEMBER 1984			
	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate
STATEWIDE	653,446	597,515	55,931	8.6%	656,700	598,879	57,821	8.8%	638,000	593,051	44,949	7.0%
ALBUQUERQUE MSA 2/	248,852	232,571	16,281	6.5%	248,703	231,810	16,893	6.8%	238,831	225,252	13,579	5.7%
LAS CRUCES MSA 3/	46,434	42,581	3,853	8.3%	46,503	42,233	4,270	9.2%	44,904	41,835	3,069	6.8%
Catron	1,002	811	191	19.1%	1,068	903	165	15.4%	938	800	138	14.7%
Chaves	24,957	23,208	1,749	7.0%	25,264	23,366	1,898	7.5%	24,566	23,151	1,415	5.8%
Cibola	10,421	8,523	1,898	18.2%	10,794	8,750	2,044	18.9%	10,685	9,116	1,569	14.7%
Colfax	6,901	6,060	841	12.2%	6,984	6,171	813	11.6%	6,605	6,012	593	9.0%
Curry	15,923	14,674	1,249	7.8%	16,113	14,857	1,256	7.8%	16,072	15,023	1,049	6.5%
De Baca	1,025	911	114	11.1%	1,074	960	114	10.6%	1,038	974	64	6.2%
Eddy	23,171	20,657	2,514	10.8%	23,537	20,813	2,724	11.6%	23,512	21,642	1,870	8.0%
Grant	9,681	8,550	1,131	11.7%	9,860	8,540	1,320	13.4%	10,117	8,893	1,224	12.1%
Guadalupe	1,619	1,371	248	15.3%	1,647	1,430	217	13.2%	1,472	1,352	120	8.2%
Harding	719	645	74	10.3%	668	622	46	6.9%	607	574	33	5.4%
Hidalgo	2,580	2,389	191	7.4%	2,657	2,442	215	8.1%	2,588	2,426	162	6.3%
Lea	31,121	29,568	1,553	5.0%	31,465	29,651	1,814	5.8%	31,323	29,995	1,328	4.2%
Lincoln	8,340	7,787	553	6.6%	8,544	7,975	569	6.7%	7,795	7,449	346	4.4%
Los Alamos	12,288	11,954	334	2.7%	12,167	11,864	303	2.5%	11,918	11,738	180	1.5%
Luna	5,759	4,853	906	15.7%	6,135	5,274	861	14.0%	5,536	4,774	762	13.8%
McKinley	17,205	14,792	2,413	14.0%	17,263	14,715	2,548	14.8%	17,488	15,657	1,831	10.5%
Mora	1,307	803	504	38.6%	1,279	844	435	34.0%	1,077	779	298	27.7%
Otero	15,832	14,432	1,400	8.8%	15,936	14,405	1,531	9.6%	15,552	14,444	1,108	7.1%
Quay	5,356	4,917	439	8.2%	5,545	5,049	496	8.9%	5,552	5,145	407	7.3%
Rio Arriba	12,082	9,780	2,302	19.1%	12,078	9,952	2,126	17.6%	12,017	10,071	1,946	16.2%
Roosevelt	8,563	8,115	448	5.2%	8,765	8,323	442	5.0%	8,427	8,088	339	4.0%
Sandoval	15,236	13,590	1,646	10.8%	15,112	13,469	1,643	10.9%	14,393	13,259	1,134	7.9%
San Juan	36,920	32,769	4,151	11.2%	37,092	32,721	4,371	11.8%	38,245	34,334	3,911	10.2%
San Miguel	9,398	8,175	1,223	13.0%	9,754	8,447	1,307	13.4%	9,314	8,303	1,011	10.9%
Santa Fe	45,223	42,509	2,714	6.0%	44,792	42,059	2,733	6.1%	42,554	40,576	1,978	4.6%
Sierra	2,890	2,680	210	7.3%	2,774	2,530	244	8.8%	2,573	2,424	149	5.8%
Socorro	4,995	4,558	437	8.7%	5,134	4,651	483	9.4%	4,985	4,636	349	7.0%
Taos	11,472	9,044	2,428	21.2%	11,247	9,283	1,964	17.5%	10,946	9,320	1,626	14.9%
Torrance	2,656	2,244	412	15.5%	2,712	2,328	384	14.2%	2,389	2,174	215	9.0%
Union	2,414	2,288	126	5.2%	2,597	2,478	119	4.6%	2,588	2,455	133	5.1%
Valencia	11,104	9,706	1,398	12.6%	11,437	9,964	1,473	12.9%	11,393	10,380	1,013	8.9%

1/ All estimates are made in strict accordance with methodology provided by the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

2/ Metropolitan Statistical Area - Bernalillo County

3/ Metropolitan Statistical Area - Dona Ana County

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